## INTRODUCTION

These prototype and early pre-production Lightning aircraft are single-seat, supersonic performance aircraft powered by two Avon Mk.210 turbo-jet engines, each producing 11,450 lb (nominal) static thrust at sea level (14,450 with maximum reheat). The engines are mounted in the fuselage, one to the rear of and above the other. The reheat pipes terminate in variable-area propelling nozzles which give two opening positions in cold running and three in reheat.

All internal fuel is carried in the wings but additional fuel can be carried in a jettisonable ventral tank; this tank is pressurized to effect transfer into the main tank system, where electrically-driven low-pressure pumps transfer fuel within the wing tank system and supply the engine high pressure pumps and the reheat pumps.

The primary flying controls (ailerons, rudder, and tail plane) are fully power-operated, i.e., irreversible. Artificial feel is provided on the pilot's controls. Two-position flaps, hinged to the wing rear spars, and variable-position air brakes, flanking the fuselage at the leading-edge of the fin, are electrically controlled and hydraul-ically operated. Abrake parachute is housed in a compartment below the lower reheat pipe; flush-fitting doors covering the compartment are opened hydraulically to allow the parachute to be streamed.

The pressurized cockpit is covered by a clam-shell type canopy, and contains an ejection seat fitted with parachute, dinghy, leg-restraining gear and emergency oxygen.