Chapter 3

PUSH-SWITCHES

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LEADING PARTICULARS

Double-pole, Type B			 		Ref. 1	Vo. 50	CW/54	Ю
Dimensions of mounting	ng flan	ige	 		1.25 i	$n. \times$	1.25 ii	11.
Overall depth			 	• • •			1.9 ii	
Weight			 				$1\frac{3}{8} o$	Z.
Single-pole, Type B, N	No. 1		 		<i>Ref.</i> 1	Vo. 50	CW/89	18
Dimensions of mounti			 		1·25 i	$n. \times$	1.25 i	17.
Overall depth			 				2 ii	11.
Weight			 				$1\frac{1}{4} o$	z.
Single-pole, Type B, N	No. 2		 		Ref. N	o. 5C	W/209	1-
Dimensions of mountil			 		1·25 i	$n. \times$	1.25 ii	17.
Overall depth			 				2 <i>ii</i>	77.
Weight			 				$1\frac{1}{4} o$	Ξ.
◄ Single-pole, Type B, N	No. 3		 		Ref. N	o. 5C	W/382	21
Dimensions of mounti			 				1.25 ii	
Overall depth			 				2.07 ii	7. >
Starting switch			 		Ref. 1	Vo. 50	CW/69	15
Dimensions of mounti	ng flar	ıge	 		2·25 i	$n. \times$	2.25 ii	п.
Overall depth			 				2.65 ii	n.
Weight			 				6·5 o.	z.
Type P4/2			 		Ref. N			
Overall diameter			 • • •				$1\frac{7}{8}$ is	11.
			 				$2\frac{3}{4}$ ii	п.
Weight	. ,		 		***			

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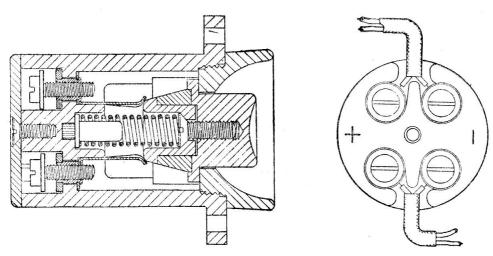


Fig. 1. Sectional view of double-pole switch, Type B

Introduction

1. This chapter gives details of various types of push-switch which are in use in the Service. Dimensional details will be found under Leading Particulars.

DESCRIPTION

Double-pole switch, Type B

- 2. This is a push-switch for use in circuits where the current does not exceed 5 amp.; it is normally open, and spring-loaded to return to the open position after operation.
- 3. The mechanism of the switch is shown in fig. 1. There are four terminals, two negative and two positive, each connected to a leaf-spring contact. Two bridging pieces are mounted on the plunger, one to bridge the positive terminals and the other the negative terminals.

Single-pole switches, Type B, No. 1, No. 2 and No. 3

- 4. The push-switch, Type B, No. 1, is a single-pole, push-to-make switch for use in circuits where the current does not exceed 5 amp. The two terminals are bridged similarly to the pairs of terminals in the double-pole push-switch, Type B, illustrated in fig. 1, and the button is spring-loaded to return to the off position after operation.
- 5. The push-switch, Type B, No. 2, is another similar switch, with a maximum current-carrying capacity of 5 amp., but is normally closed. The push-button is coloured red, and is spring-loaded to return to the closed position after operation.

4 6. The push-switch, Type B, No. 3, is a single-pole change-over switch with a maximum current-carrying capacity of 5 amp.; it has four terminals. ▶

Starting switch

- 7. This is a push-switch for use in circuits with a current of up to 100 amp., and is designed to pass heavy currents such as occur in starting an auxiliary power unit by means of the dynamotor.
- 8. The mechanism of the switch is shown in fig. 2. When the button is pressed, the rim of the circular contact plate is brought into engagement with the outer and inner contacts. There are two of each of these contacts, each forming nearly a semi-circle. The upper pair is connected to one terminal and

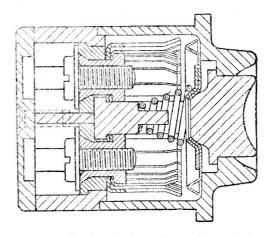


Fig. 2. Sectional view of starting switch

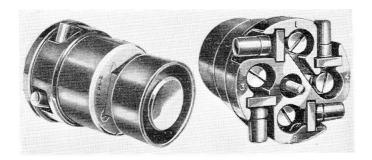


Fig. 3. Switch, Type P4/2

the lower pair to the other, and when the button is pressed the terminals are bridged. The button is spring-loaded to return to the off position after operation.

Switch, Type P4/2

- 9. This is a single-pole, 15-amp. change-over push-switch, and is illustrated in fig. 3 and 4. It is completely weatherproof, with a rubber cap over the push-button and rubber covers over the terminals, and the push-button is spring-loaded to return to the normal position after operation.
- 10. The switch has four terminals, marked 1, 2, 3 and 4, and in the normal position

connection is made between one pair of adjacent terminals. When the push-button is pressed, this pair of terminals is open-circuited and connection made between the other pair. Terminals 1 and 4 may be connected by a link, when the switch can be used as a single-pole, on/off push-switch.

SERVICING

11. No servicing is required on these switches. The action should be definite, with an immediate return of the push-button to the normal position, and switches with sticking mechanisms should be renewed.

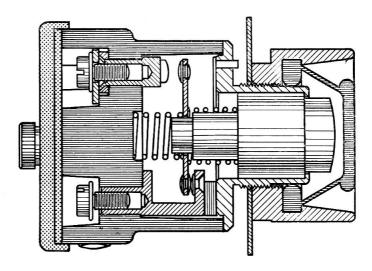


Fig. 4. Sectional view of switch, Type P4/2

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Appendix I

SPRING COVERS FOR PUSH-SWITCHES

The push-switches (Ref. No. 5 CW/540 and 5 CW/898) may be used with the spring cover (Ref. No. 5 K/2724), together with the appropriate transfer, as listed below. When two covers are required to be coupled together, the ganging rod (Ref. No. 5 K/2725) should be used.

Available transfers

Ref. No.	Markin	ng
5K/2726 5K/2727 5K/2728 5K/2729	Fire extinguisher Engine fire extinguisher Fuel tank fire extinguisher Jettison live	White lettering on Red background
5K/2730	Jettison live (all)	Red lettering on black background
5K/2735 5K/2731 5K/2732 5K/2733 5K/2734 5K/2736 5K/2737 5K/2738 5K/2739 5K/2740 5K/2741 5K/2742 5K/2743 5K/2744 5K/2745 5K/2747 5K/2806 5K/2807 5K/2808 5K/2810	Danger "F" Bomb release Bomb circuit test Boost starter Control test Engine starting Jettison Bomb jettison Container jettison Jettison safe Jettison safe (selected only) Oil dilution Setting Undercarriage horn test Fuel tank jettison Test Firing Loss of coolant test Downward identification	White lettering on Black background
5K/2811 5K/2814 5K/2815 5K/2816 5K/2817 5K/2818 5K/2819 5K/2834 5K/2835 5K/2858 5K/3363 5K/3364 5K/3365	Lifeboat R.A.T.O.G. jettison Bombs, pentane jettison Sonobuoy jettison Propeller unfeathering Signal discharger Hood jettison Abandon aircraft Defuze then jettison Pressure cabin test Normal Ignition Propeller feathering and unfeathering	